

Sanicro® 28 for OCTG

Tube and pipe, seamless

Datasheet

Sanicro® 28 is a high-alloy austenitic stainless steel for OCTG downhole applications in particularly corrosive conditions. The grade is characterized by:

- Very good resistance to sulphide stress cracking and stress corrosion cracking (SCC) in chloride and sour (H₂S/Cl⁻) environments
- Very high resistance to pitting and crevice corrosion

Standards

- UNS: N08028
- ISO: 4563-080-28-I

Product standards

Seamless tubes used as casing, tubing and coupling stock:	ISO 13680, PSL-1 and PSL-2
	API spec 5CRA

Approvals

- NACE MR0175/ISO 15156-3 (Petroleum and natural gas industries - Materials for use in H₂S-containing environments in oil and gas production)
- Sanicro® 28, grade 110 ksi and grade 125 ksi, can be delivered with API-5CRA Monogram (License Number 5CRA-0016)

Chemical composition (nominal)

Chemical composition (nominal) %

C	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Ni	Mo	Cu	N
≤0.020	≤0.7	≤2.0	≤0.020	≤0.015	27	31	3.5	1.0	≤0.1

Applications

Sanicro® 28 is used for high strength downhole production tubing, casing, and liners in sour gas wells. This includes environments with high temperatures, high partial pressures of CO₂ and H₂S, and high chloride concentrations.

Corrosion resistance

Pitting corrosion

Sanicro® 28 can withstand high temperatures in aggressive environments without pitting. A recognized method of ranking a material's susceptibility to localized corrosion is by means of the PRE number (Pitting Resistance Equivalent). This PRE number is based on the contents of chromium, molybdenum and nitrogen in the alloy according to the following formula:

$$\text{PRE} = \% \text{Cr} + 3.3 \times \% \text{Mo} + 16 \times \% \text{N}$$

A PRE number is the relative measure of a material's ability to resist pitting corrosion in chloride containing environments. Sanicro® 28 has a minimum PRE number of 38, which confirms its high resistance to pitting corrosion when chlorides are present.

Critical pitting temperature (CPT) was determined on cold worked Sanicro® 28 per modified ASTM G150. The temperature of the test solution was started at 20°C, and heated at a rate of 1 °C/min. The tests were carried out in NaCl solutions of three chloride concentrations without pH adjustment; and also in 3 wt% Cl⁻ with three fixed pH. The solution of 1.7 liters was purged with nitrogen during the test. The assessments were carried out at a potential of +634 mV vs. Ag/AgCl on triplicate specimens per test environment. The high CPT suggests the high pitting corrosion resistance of the material in the environments tested.

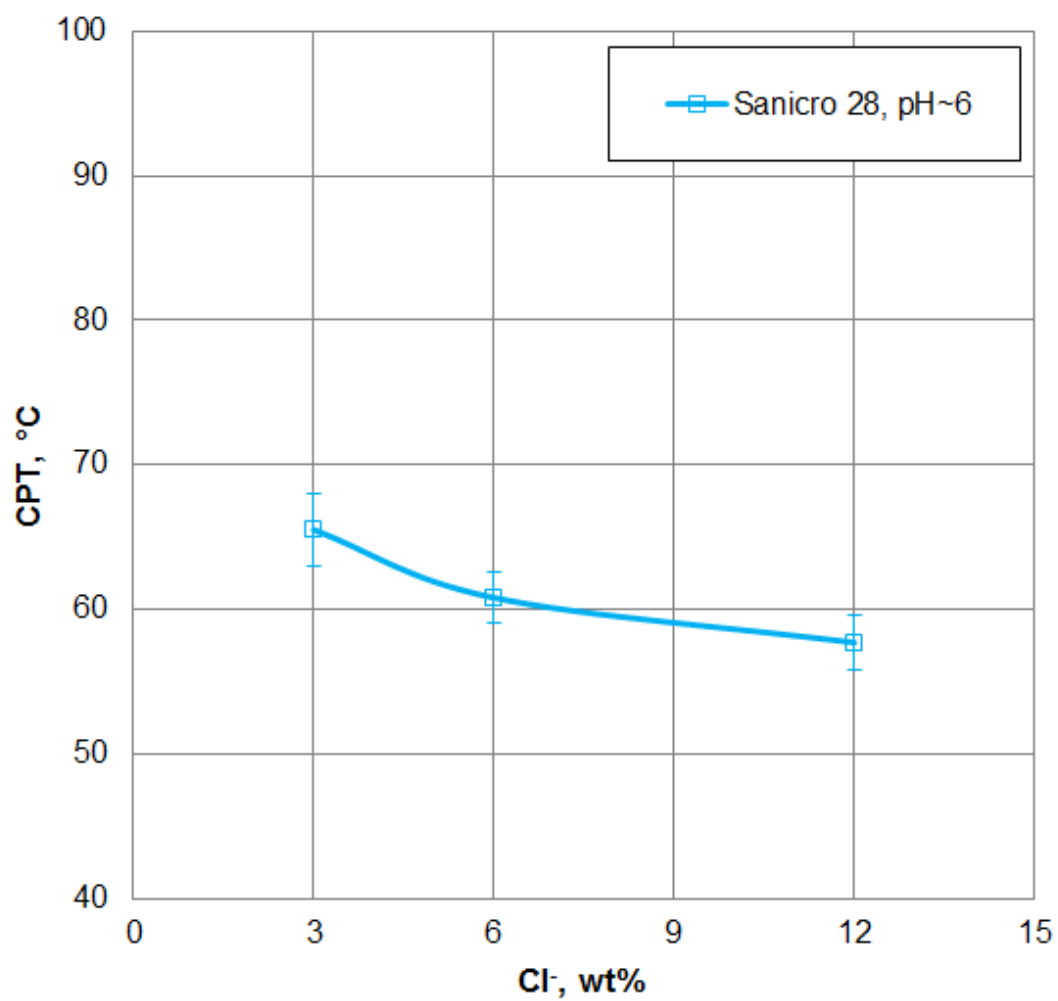


Figure 1. Critical pitting temperature (CPT) as a function of chloride concentrations for cold-worked Sanicro® 28. The potential was +634 mV vs Ag/AgCl.

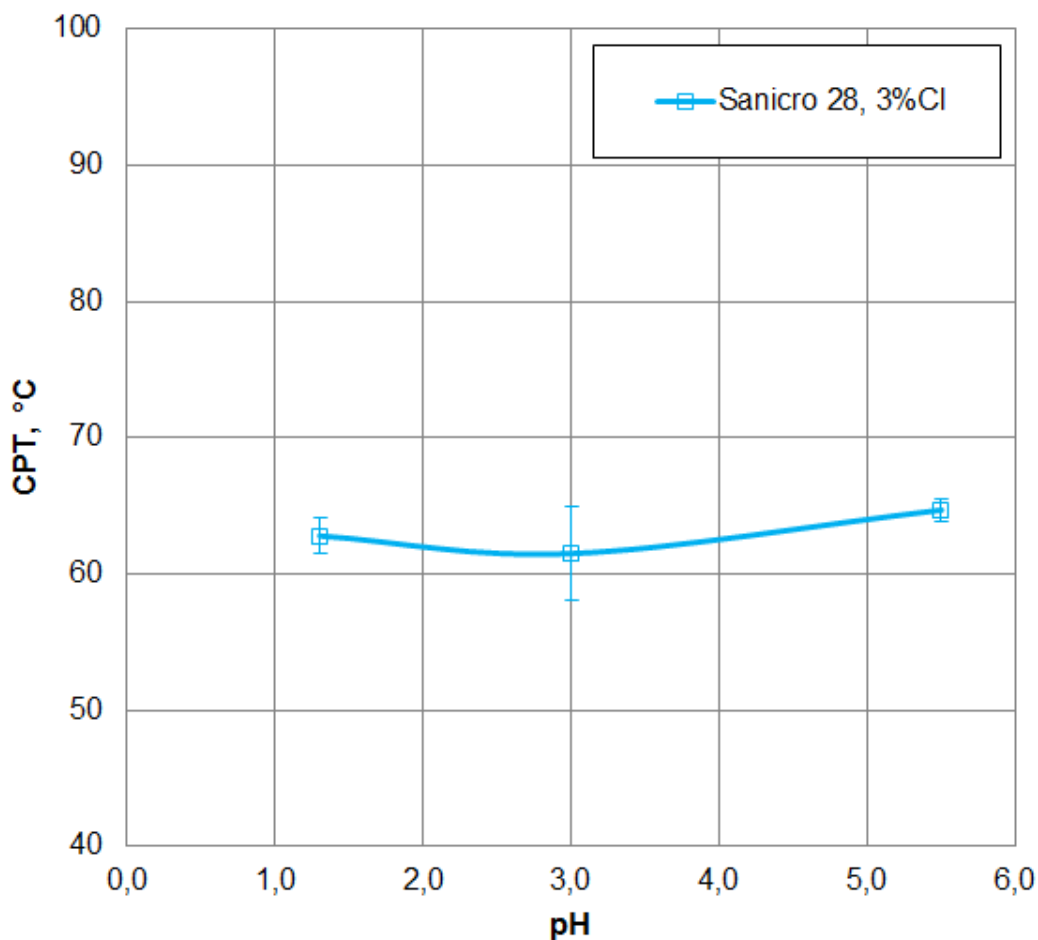


Figure 2. Critical pitting temperature (CPT) as a function of pH for cold worked Sanicro[®] 28 in a 3% Cl⁻ solution. The potential was +634 mV vs Ag/AgCl.

Stress corrosion cracking (SCC)

Environmental assisted cracking, especially in the presence of hydrogen sulphide (H₂S), is one of the more serious forms of corrosion in sour environments. Failure of tubing by environmental assisted cracking can occur rapidly without any warning. For that reason, the prevention of this form of corrosion must be considered when selecting tubing materials for sour wells.

According to ISO 15156-3 (2015), cold worked Sanicro[®] 28 belongs to type 4c material which can be safely used in the limited environmental combinations of temperature and H₂S in order to avoid the risk of SCC.

Laboratory test data shows that cold worked Sanicro[®] 28 tube materials are not susceptible to SCC in sour environments, even outside of the limits for 4c type materials.

Figure 3 illustrates SCC testing on Sanicro[®] 28 in Cl-H₂S-CO₂ environments with and without elemental sulfur in comparison with ISO 15156-3 limits for type 4c materials (under the green dashed line), type 4d materials (under the blue dashed line), and type 4e materials (under the red dashed line). The SCC testing has been performed on cold worked (minimum yield strength 110 ksi) Sanicro[®] 28 stressed at 100% actual yield strength (AYS) using tensile constant load per NACE TM 177 method A, as well as slow strain rate test (SSRT) per NACE TM0198 at strain rate of 4×10⁻⁶ in/in/sec. Sanicro[®] 28 showed good ductility in the tested sour environments without pitting and secondary cracks.

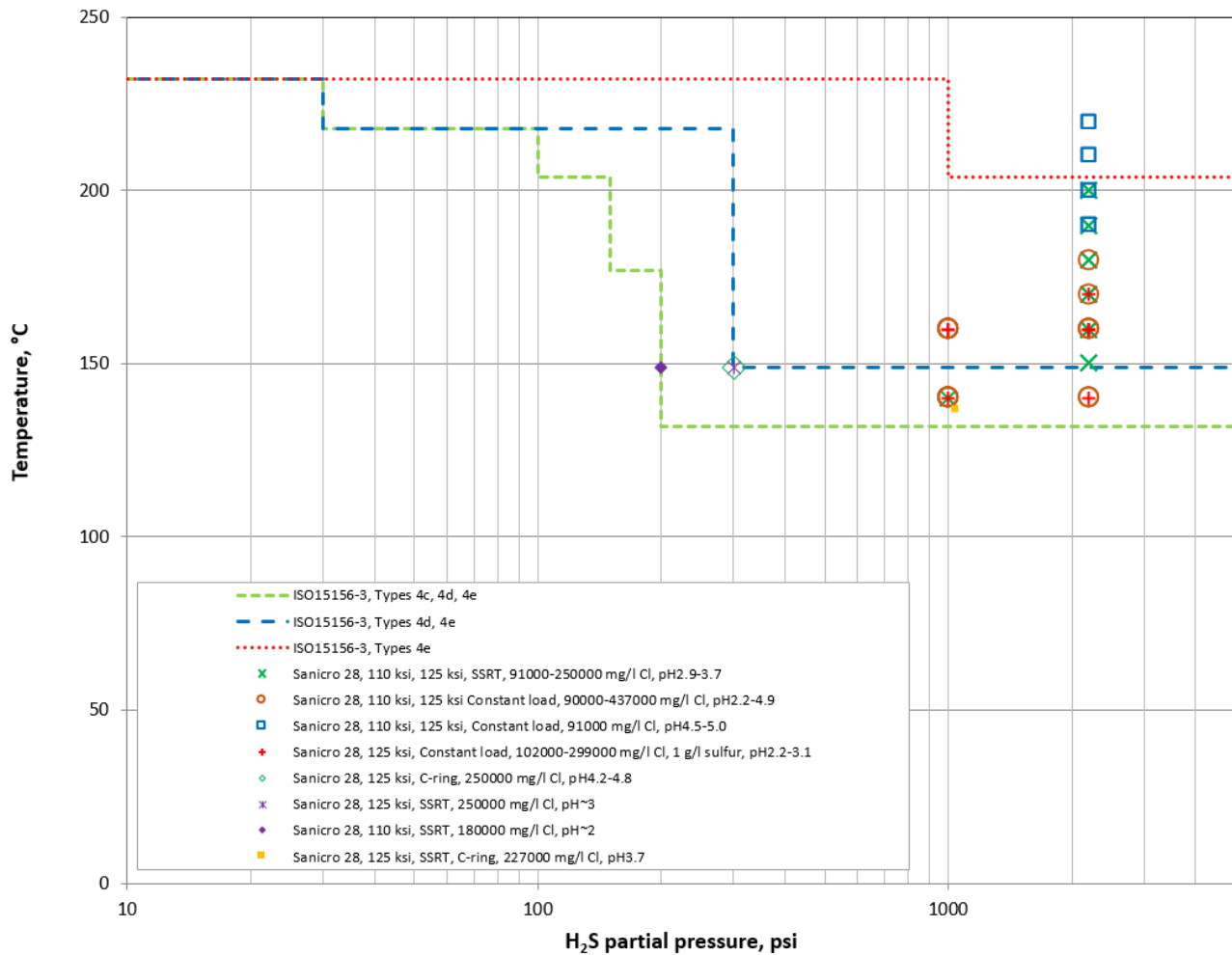


Figure 3: SCC testing data of cold worked Sanicro® 28 tube materials in sour environments in comparison with the ISO 15156-3 limits for 4c type materials. The SCC testing has been performed on Sanicro® 28 tube materials stressed at 100% actual yield strength (AYS) using tensile constant load per NACE TM0177 method A, C-ring per NACE TM0177 method C, as well as slow strain rate test (SSRT) per NACE TM0198 at strain rate of 4×10⁻⁶ in/in/sec. Sanicro® 28 showed good ductility in the tested sour environments with no failures.

Stress corrosion cracking tests have also been performed in the presence of elemental sulfur. Cold worked Sanicro® 28 tube with an R_{p0.2} value of 889 MPa (129 ksi) has been tested. The tests were performed, according to NACE TM0177, with tensile specimens stressed to 100% of the actual yield strength.

Temperature	pH ₂ S	pCO ₂ , psi	Chlorides (Cl ⁻)	Elemental sulfur	Stress corrosion cracking
°C (°F)	psi (MPa)	(MPa)	mg/l	g/l	
140 (284)	2200 (15.2)	1000 (6.9)	102000	1	No
160 (320)	2200 (15.2)	1000 (6.9)	102000	1	No
170 (338)	2200 (15.2)	1000 (6.9)	102000	1	No
160 (320)	2200 (15.2)	1000 (6.9)	299000	1	No

Fabrication

Sanicro® 28 tubes are supplied in the cold worked condition and are intended for use with threaded connections.

Forms of supply

Materials for oil and gas production

Cold hardened (cold worked) seamless tube and pipe

For production tubing, casing, liner, and coupling stock for downhole oil and gas applications, Sanicro® 28 is supplied cold hardened with high strength properties. (Sanicro® 28-110ksi, -125ksi)

Full details on sizes, finishes and mechanical properties are available on request.

Email: stog.smt@alleima.com

Heat treatment

Tubes for downhole oil and gas applications are delivered in the high strength, cold hardened condition. They are not annealed after cold working.

Mechanical properties

At 20°C (68°F)

Metric units and Imperial units

Grade	Proof strength		Tensile strength		Elong.	Hardness
	$R_{p0.2}^{a)}$		R_m		A_2''	HRC
	MPa	ksi	MPa	ksi	%	
			min	min	min	max
PSL-1 Sanicro® 28-110	760 - 965	110 - 140	795	115	11	35
PSL-1 Sanicro® 28-125	860 - 1035	125 - 150	895	130	10	37
PSL-2 Sanicro® 28-110	760 - 965	110 - 140	795	115	11	33
PSL-2 Sanicro® 28-125	860 - 1000	125 - 145	895	130	10	35

1 MPa = 1 N/mm²

a) $R_{p0.2}$ correspond to 0.2% offset yield strength.

At high temperatures

Cold-worked Sanicro® 28 also displays very good mechanical properties at higher temperatures. Further information is available on request. Email: stmo.smt@alleima.com

Metric units Imperial units

Temperature, °C	De-rating factor*	Temperature, °F	De-rating factor*
20	1.00	68	1.00
50	0.97	100	0.98
100	0.92	200	0.93
150	0.89	300	0.89
200	0.88	400	0.88

250	0.87	500	0.87
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*) Approximate yield strength at temperature is received by multiplying the corresponding de-rating factor and yield strength at 20°C (68°F).

Impact strength

Due to its austenitic microstructure, Sanicro® 28 has very good impact strength, both at room temperature and at lower temperatures. Tests have demonstrated that the steel readily fulfills the requirements in accordance with ISO 13680 (min. 40 J at -10°C (50°F)).

Physical properties

Physical properties of cold-worked Sanicro® 28.

Density: 8.0 g/cm³, 0.29 lb/in³

Relative magnetic permeability

1.003 (approximate value)

Thermal conductivity

Metric units		Imperial units	
Temperature, °C	W/(m °C)	Temperature, °F	Btu/(ft h °F)
20	11	68	6.5
50	11	100	6.5
100	12	200	7
150	13	300	7.5
200	14	400	8.5
250	15	500	9
300	16	600	9.5

Specific heat capacity

Metric units		Imperial units	
Temperature, °C	J/kg °C	Temperature, °F	Btu/lb °F
20	460	68	0.11
50	470	100	0.11
100	480	200	0.12
150	495	300	0.12
200	505	400	0.12
250	515	500	0.12
300	525	600	0.13

Resistivity

Metric units		Imperial units	
Temperature, °C	μΩm	Temperature, °F	μΩin.
20	0.98	68	38.7
100	1.00	200	39.3
150	1.00	300	39.4
200	1.01	400	39.9
250	1.04	500	41.3
300	1.10	600	44.2

Thermal expansion ¹⁾

Metric units		Imperial units	
Temperature, °C	Per °C	Temperature, °F	Per °F
30-50	13	86-120	7.5
30-100	14.5	86-200	8
30-150	15	86-300	8.5
30-200	15.5	86-400	8.5
30-250	15.5	86-500	8.5
30-300	15.5	86-600	8.5

1) Mean values in temperature ranges ($\times 10^{-6}$)

Modulus of elasticity ¹⁾

Metric units		Imperial units	
Temperature, °C	MPa	Temperature, °F	ksi
20	195	68	28.3
100	190	200	27.6
200	182	400	26.3
300	174	600	25.1

1) ($\times 10^3$)

Poisson's ratio

The Poisson's ratio is 0.29 for Sanicro[®] 28 at room temperature.

Disclaimer: Recommendations are for guidance only, and the suitability of a material for a specific application can be confirmed only when we know the actual service conditions.

Continuous development may necessitate changes in technical data without notice. This datasheet is only valid for Alleima materials.